

TITLE V: PUBLIC WORKS

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CHAPTER 50: GENERAL PROVISIONS

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§ 50.01 TRUNK SANITARY SEWER AND WATER MAIN FEES AS A CONDITION TO SUBDIVISION APPROVAL

Trunk sanitary sewer and water main fees. As a condition to subdivision approval, subdividers shall pay both a trunk sanitary sewer fee and a trunk water main fee to the city to fund the sanitary sewer and water main improvements required by the proposed new development. The city shall establish the trunk fees by ordinance based on the subdivision's gross acreage and shall periodically update the fees to account for changes in costs and revenues. The city shall incorporate these trunk fees into a development agreement with the subdivider.

§ 50.02 WATER AND SEWER ACCESS CHARGES FOR NEW MULTI-FAMILY AND COMMERCIAL PROJECTS

(A) Any facility not included on the list in the table below will receive an access charge determined on a case-by-case basis by the City Administrator and City Council pursuant to a schedule established by ordinance.

(B) One equivalent access charge equals 250 gallons of daily wastewater flow.

(C) Commercial and industrial units shall be assigned a minimum of one access charge.

(D) Sewer access charge for buildings or premises presently connected to the wastewater treatment plant, the use of which is changed or expanded, or is to be changed or expanded in such manner as to significantly increase the output of sewage therefrom, shall be determined by applying the respective provision above to the addition and/or expanded uses therein.

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(E) The sewer access charge shall be subject to review and establishment by the City Council.

(F) All access charges will be incorporated with each new building permit issued by the city.

<i>Type</i>	<i>Parameter</i>	<i>Equivalent Charge</i>
Apartments/condominium	Per unit	0.5
Automobile service	Two service bays	1.0
Barber shop	Per unit	1.0
Car wash (self service)	One stall	3.0
Car wash (service station)	One stall	3.0
Churches	Per 275 seats	1.0
Elementary school	Per 18 students	1.0
General office building	2,400 square feet or less	1.0
Laundromats	Regular water volume for cycle time (eight per)	3.0
Middle school	Per 15 students	1.0
Motel/hotel	Every two rooms	1.0
Movie theater	Per 64 seats	1.0
Nursing home	Every three beds	0.5
Restaurants	Per 22 seats	1.0
Retail store	3,000 square feet	1.0
Secondary school	Per 14 students	1.0
Swimming pools (private outdoor)	Per 900 square feet	1.0
Townhouses/twin homes/duplexes	Per unit	1.0
Warehouse/manufacturing	Per 14 employees	1.0

(Res. 1997-10, passed 6-9-1997)

§ 50.03 DELINQUENT UTILITY ACCOUNTS

(A) The City Clerk-Treasurer and Deputy Clerk, under the direction of the City Administrator and Council, shall be responsible that all charges for water, sewer, garbage and recycling services will be due each month and considered delinquent 30 days thereafter. The city will insure collection of each utility account promptly. A late fee will be imposed not later than the third day of each month unless the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday. If so, the late fee will be imposed no later than the first day of each month which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

(B) The City Clerk-Treasurer shall also be responsible to insure preparations of an assessment roll for all delinquent utility accounts to include sanitary sewer, water, garbage and recycling expenses whereby satisfactory arrangements for payment have not been made. All delinquent utility accounts in excess of 60 days past due on October 15 of each year shall be delivered to the City Council at the first regular meeting in November. Each delinquent account shall require the entire total balance due with 10% penalty added for certification to the Wright County Auditor for collection with the ad valorem property taxes. The action is optional for the City Council in addition to termination of services and may be subsequent to taking legal action to collect delinquent utility accounts.

§ 50.99 PENALTY

Any person violating any provision of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

CHAPTER 51: WATER AND SEWER

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GENERAL PROVISIONS**§ 51.001 WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENTS**

There are hereby established a separate Water Department and a separate Sewer Department, which shall be under the supervision of the Public Works Director. The Departments shall be responsible for the management, maintenance, care and operation of their respective systems and facilities. (Prior Code, § 401.01) (Ord. passed 7-15-1991; Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.002 USE OF WATER OR SEWER SYSTEM RESTRICTED

No person shall make or use any water or sewer service installation connected to the city water or sewer system except pursuant to application and permit as provided in this chapter. No person shall make or use any such installation contrary to the regulatory provisions of this chapter. (Prior Code, § 401.02) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.003 APPLICATIONS FOR SERVICE

(A) *Procedure.* Applications for a water and/or sewer connection shall be made to the City Administrator or designee on forms furnished by the city. By signature, the applicant shall agree to conform to this chapter and to rules and regulations that may be established by the city as conditions for the use of the water and sewer systems.

(B) *Fees or deposits.* Application for a service connection shall be made by the owner of the property to be served or by the agent. The applicant shall, at the time of making the application, pay to the city the amount of fees or deposits required. (Prior Code, § 401.03) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.004 SERVICE CONNECTION PERMITS

(A) *Permit required; fees.* No connection shall be made for water or sanitary sewer system without a permit from the city. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the fees for said permits. These fees shall be required under divisions (B), (C) and (D) below.

(B) *Connection fees.* When a connection requires installation of a service line from the main to the property line, a permit is required from the city. The applicant may provide for the installation of a service line. The applicant shall be responsible for the cost of making necessary connections, taps and installation of the pipes, appurtenances and necessary street repairs to provide service to the property with inspection by the city.

(C) *Certification.* No permit shall be issued unless the City Administrator or designee certifies to the truth of one of the following, or the payment required under division (D) below is made:

- (1) That the lot or tract to be served has been assessed for the cost of construction of the main with which the connection is made or that proceedings for levying the assessment have been or will be commenced in due course; or
- (2) That the cost of construction of the main has been paid by the developer or builder platting the lot or tract; or
- (3) That, if neither of the foregoing is true, a sum equal to 110% of the cost of constructing the main has been paid to the city in cash.

(D) *Additional connection fee.* If no such certificate can be issued, the applicant shall pay an additional connection fee equal to the portion of the cost of construction of the main upon the same basis as any assessment previously levied against other property for the main. The determination shall be made by the City Administrator or designee. If no such assessment has been levied, the assessable cost shall be determined upon the basis of the uniform charge that may have been or will be charged for similar connection with the main.

(Prior Code, § 401.04) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.005 ACCOUNTING, BILLING AND COLLECTIONS

(A) *Responsibility for accounts.* Responsibility for accounts shall be carried in the name of the owner. The owner shall be liable for the cost of all services to the property, whether occupying the property or not and any charges unpaid shall be a lien upon the property.

(B) *Nonresident accounts.* Customers whose premises are located primarily outside the corporate limits of the city shall be subject to a surcharge upon the total amount of their utility bill. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the amount of the surcharge.

(C) *Multiple units.* Whenever two or more residential, commercial or industrial premises with separate plumbing facilities are located in the same building and served through one service connection for each utility and a water meter, each unit over and above the first shall be subject to separate surcharges for water and sewer service. When similar circumstances exist where there is no water meter, each unit shall be considered a separate account and no surcharge under this division will apply. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the amount of the surcharges.

(D) *Bills for service.* All accounts receiving services shall be charged for the value of those services as determined in this chapter. Water and sewer shall be billed together. Bills shall be mailed monthly by first class mail on the date established by the City Council.

(E) *Partial bills; refunds.* Accounts that do not receive utility service for the entire month will be prorated. When an account has been overpaid, all excess monies will be applied toward future bills. No cash refunds will be made except in the case of a final bill on a closed account.

(F) *Delinquent accounts.* All charges for water and sewer service shall be due on the monthly due date specified for the respective account and shall be considered delinquent the first day of the month following the initial mailing. The city shall endeavor to collect delinquent accounts promptly. Delinquent accounts shall be subject to monthly interest charged against outstanding amounts. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the rate of interest to be charged. In any case where satisfactory arrangements for the payment have not been made, the Public Works Director may, after the procedural requirements of § 51.006 have been complied with, discontinue water service to the delinquent customer by removing the meter and/or shutting off the water at the curb stop box. When water service to any premises has been discontinued, service shall not be restored except upon the payment of all delinquent charges, interest and fees. The City Clerk-Treasurer shall prepare an assessment roll of all delinquent accounts, where satisfactory arrangements for payment have not been made, that are in excess of 30 days past due on October 1 of each year. The assessment roll shall be delivered to the Council for adoption at its first meeting of November of each year for certification to the County Auditor for collection as other taxes are collected. Such action is optional and may be subsequent to taking legal action to collect delinquent accounts.

(G) *Cold Weather Rule.* Pursuant to M.S. § 216B.097, as it may be amended from time to time, no water service of a residential customer shall be discontinued if the disconnection affects the primary heat source for the residential unit during the period between October 15 and April 15, the residential customer has declared their inability to pay with a household income at 185% of the federal poverty level, and such has been documented by the customer to the city. The customer's account must be current for the billing period immediately prior to October 15 or be making reasonably current monthly payments. The City Clerk-Treasurer shall between August 15 and October 15 of each year, notify all residential customers of these ordinance amendment provisions. (Prior Code, § 401.05) (Ord. passed 5-13-1991; Am. Ord. passed 7-15-1991; Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010; Am. Ord. 02-2012, passed 10-9-2012)

§ 51.006 PROCEDURE FOR TERMINATION OF SERVICE

Water shall not be shut off for delinquency under § 51.005(F) or for a violation of rules and regulations affecting utility service until notice and an opportunity for a hearing have first been given the owner and/or occupant of the premises involved. The notice shall be served by United States mail, postage prepaid and shall state that if payment is not made before a date stated in the notice but not less than 20 days after the date on which the notice is given, the water supply to the premises will be terminated. The notice shall also state that the occupant may, before such date, demand a hearing on the matter, in which case the supply will not be cut off until after the hearing is held. If the customer requests a hearing before the date specified, a hearing shall be held on the matter by a panel consisting of the City Administrator and any two Council Members at least seven days after the date on which the request is made. The panel shall consider all circumstances, including the amount owed, previous efforts to collect amounts owed, any applicable statutory provisions and the likely effect on the health and safety of the occupants of the building if water service is terminated. If, as a result of the hearing, the panel finds that the amount claimed to be owing is actually due and unpaid and that there is no reason why the water supply of the delinquent customer may not be shut off in accordance with this chapter, the city may terminate service.

(Prior Code, § 401.06) (Ord. passed 5-13-1991; Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

WATER SYSTEM**§ 51.020 GENERAL WATER REGULATIONS**

(A) *Interruption of service.* The city may interrupt service to any water customer without notice for necessary repairs or maintenance activities.

(B) *Termination of service.* The city may terminate service upon notice as provided for in § 51.006 for non-payment of charges or for violation of rules and regulations affecting water and sewer services.

(C) *Supply from one service.* No more than one principal building shall be supplied from one service connection. Whenever two or more premises with separate plumbing facilities are supplied from one service connection with a service main, each building or part of building separately supplied shall have a separate stop box and a separate meter or the provisions of § 51.005(C) shall apply.

(D) *Tapping mains; turning water off and on.* No person except an authorized city employee shall tap any main or other water system line, turn on or off any water supply at any curb stop box or any gate valve without a permit. A fee shall be charged for any service that has to be turned off and turned on due to a seasonal move.

(E) *Use of fire hydrants.* No person other than an authorized city employee shall operate a fire hydrant or interfere in any way with the water system.

(F) *Repair of leaks.* The owner, agent or occupant shall be responsible for maintaining the service line from the curb stop box into the building served. If leaks in the service lines are not repaired within 24 hours after notice by the city, the city may turn the water off. The water shall not be turned on again until a fee has been paid to the city. Whenever the flow of water is great or damage is likely to result from the leak, the city shall turn the water off immediately upon the giving of notice if repair is not commenced immediately. The water shall not be turned on again until repairs are made to the satisfaction of the Public Works Director.

(G) *Private water supply.* No water line of the city water system shall be connected with any pump, well or tank that is connected with any other source of water supply. Whenever any such connection is found, the city shall notify the owner to sever the connection immediately. If the connection is not severed within 24 hours of receipt of notice, the city shall turn off the water until the connection is severed. Before any new connection to the city system is permitted, the Department shall ascertain that no cross-connection will exist when the new connection is made.

(H) *Restricted hours.* Whenever the City Council determines that a shortage of water supply threatens the city, it may, by resolution, impose a sprinkling ban that shall limit the times and hours during which city water may be used for sprinkling, irrigation, car washing, air conditioning or other specific uses. After 24-hour public notice of the ban is given by posting, publication, personal delivery or direct mailing to each customer, no person shall use or permit water to be used in violation thereof. Continued violation shall be cause for a discontinuance of water service as set out in § 51.006.

(I) *Permitting use by others.* No person shall permit water from the city water supply to be used for any purposes except upon his or her own premises. Anyone wishing to obtain water from a hydrant for construction purposes shall make application to the city for the services.

(Prior Code, § 402.01) (Ord. passed 5-13-1991; Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010) Penalty, see § 10.99

§ 51.021 METERS

(A) *Meters required.* No person other than an authorized city employee shall use water from the city water system or permit water to be drawn therefrom unless the water passes through a meter supplied or approved by the city. Exceptions may be granted only in extraordinary circumstances by the City Council. No person not authorized by the city shall connect, disconnect, take apart or in any manner change or interfere with any meter or its use.

(B) *Meters property of the city.* Water meters shall be the property of the city and may be removed and replaced as to type and size when deemed necessary. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the fee for an initial meter.

(C) *Maintenance.* The city shall maintain and repair at its expense any meter that has become unserviceable through ordinary wear and use and shall replace it if necessary at no cost to the customer.

Where repair or replacement is made necessary by act or neglect of the owner or occupant of the premises it serves, any city expense caused thereby shall be a charge against and collected from the water customer.

(D) *Meter reading and inspection.* Authorized city employees shall have free access at reasonable hours of the day to all parts of every building connected with the city water supply in order to read meters and make inspections. Water meters shall be kept unobstructed and accessible at all times.

(E) *Complaints; meter testing.* When a customer complains that a bill for any past service is excessive, the city shall have the meter reread upon request. If the consumer remains dissatisfied, the meter shall be tested upon written request of the customer. If the test shows an error exceeding 5% of the water consumed, an accurate meter shall be installed, and the bill shall be adjusted accordingly. If the test shows the meter is accurate to within 5% of the water consumed, the customer shall be charged the cost of the testing. Such adjustment shall not extend back more than one month from the date of the written request.

(Prior Code, § 402.02) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010) Penalty, see § 10.99

§ 51.022 PLUMBING REGULATIONS

(A) *Service lines.* Every service line shall be laid with sufficient bend to allow not less than one foot of extra length and in such manner as to prevent rupture by settlement. The service pipe shall be placed not less than six feet below the established grade and be so arranged as to prevent rupture by freezing. The shutoff or other stopcock with waste valve of the size and strength required shall be placed close to the inside wall of the building and be well protected from freezing. Copper tubing shall be used for all services of two inches or less. Joints on copper tubing shall be as few as possible and not more than one joint shall be used for a service up to 70 feet in length. Each joint shall be left uncovered until inspected by the city. Every service over two inches shall be cast iron. Connections with the mains for domestic supply shall be at least three-quarters of an inch.

(B) *Curb stop boxes.* Curb stop boxes shall be installed generally where desired by the owners of the premises, within the public right-of-way. They shall be placed as near as possible to the curb as on a street or within one foot of the alley line if the main is located in an alley. Curb boxes shall not be installed in driveways. Stop boxes shall be installed at a depth of not less than six feet of the established grade and shall be left in a vertical position when backfilling is completed. No planting of trees or landscaping such as to obstruct the usage or repair of curb boxes shall be allowed.

(C) *Water meter setting.* Every water meter shall be installed in accordance with the following provisions:

- (1) The service line from the water main to the meter shall be brought through the floor in a vertical position where the pipe enters the building. The stop and waste valve shall be 12 inches above the floor.

- (2) The bottom of the meter shall be between six and 12 inches above the finished floor line. The meter shall be set not more than 12 inches horizontally from the inside line of the basement wall unless a different position is approved by the city. A suitable bracket shall be provided to support the meter in a proper vertical position and prevent noise and vibration.
- (3) Each meter installation shall have a stop valve in the street side of the meter. In no case shall more than 12 inches of service line be exposed to the point of entrance through the basement floor of the stop and waste valve. A stop valve shall also be installed in the house side of the meter.
- (4) The service line pipe connecting with the main shall not exceed two feet under the basement floor from the inside of the basement wall to the water meter connection.
- (5) Meter setting devices for meters of one inch or less shall be of copper pipe or tubing from the terminus of the service pipe up to and including the stop and waste valve on the building side.
- (6) Each meter shall be placed so as to be protected from freezing and other hazards.

(D) *Inspections.* All plumbing installations covered in this section shall be subject to inspection and approval by the city. The Public Works Director shall make said inspections. Any violations of this section, or other practices of this section or other practice or situation that could cause potential harm to the water system, shall be corrected by the customer immediately upon notification. (Prior Code, § 402.03) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.023 RATES

Each customer shall pay a minimum charge each month for an active water service. Additional charges shall be made for water consumed. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the rates for water services. The City Council may, by contract, establish special rates for individual customers in extraordinary circumstances.

(Prior Code, § 402.04) (Ord. passed 5-13-1991; Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

§ 51.024 ACCESS CHARGES

Prior to the hook-up of any service line to the city water supply system an access charge shall be paid based upon the size of the service line. The City Council shall by ordinance establish the amount of said access charges.

(Prior Code, § 402.05) (Am. Ord. 04-2010, passed 7-12-2010)

SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM**§ 51.040 BUILDING SEWERS AND CONNECTIONS**

(A) *Unauthorized connections.* No unauthorized persons shall uncover, make any connection with or opening into, use, alter or disturb any public sewer or appurtenance without first obtaining a permit from the city and otherwise complying with the provisions of this chapter.

(B) *Indemnification by owner.* The owner shall bear the costs and expenses incident to the installation and connection of the sewer service line. He or she shall indemnify the city for any loss or damage directly, or indirectly, caused by its installation. To the extent he or she deems necessary, the Public Works Director shall establish rules and regulations for the proper implementation of this requirement which, when approved by the Council by resolution, shall govern the installations of sewer service lines and connections.

(C) *Requirements for sewer service lines construction.* Building sewer construction shall meet the following requirements.

(1) Every sewer service line shall be constructed of extra heavy duty cast iron pipe, cement pipe, PVC or vitrified clay pipe or other material approved by the Public Works Director. Cast iron pipe shall be used for a sewer service line laid within ten feet of any well. Minimum size of sewer service line shall be four inches for cast iron or cement pipe and six inches for vitrified clay pipe. Fittings used to change direction in a sewer service line shall be approved by the Public Works Director.

(2) Sewer service lines shall be installed according to accepted plumbing practices and manufacturers recommendations. All installations shall be subject to inspection and approval by the Public Works Director.

(3) A sewer service line may be laid across an existing cesspool or septic tank if the pipe rests on a steel reinforced concrete slab, the ends of which rest directly on a concrete block wall. The two center sections of a cesspool cover laid parallel with each other may be used.

(4) Whenever possible, the sewer service line shall be brought to the building at an elevation below the basement floor. No sewer service line shall be laid parallel to or within three feet of any bearing wall which might thereby be weakened. The depth shall be sufficient to afford protection against frost. The sewer service line shall be laid at the uniform grade and in a straight alignment insofar as possible. In any building in which any building drain is too low to permit gravity flow to the public sewer, sewage carried by the drain shall be lifted by approved artificial means and discharged into the sewer service line.

(D) *Inspection and approval.* The applicant for the sewer connection permit shall notify the Public Works Director when the sewer service line and connection is ready for inspection. The connection shall be made under the supervision of the Public Works Director when the sewer service line and connection is ready for inspection. The connection shall be made under the supervision of the Public Works Director or his or her representative. No backfill shall be placed until the work has been inspected and approved.
(Prior Code, § 403.01)

§ 51.041 STORMWATER DISCHARGE

(A) *Stormwater discharge.*

(1) No person shall discharge or cause to be discharged stormwater, surface water, ground water, cooling water or unpolluted industrial process waters (hereinafter referred to as clear water) into any sanitary sewer. No rainspout, roof drain, swimming pool discharge, cistern overflow pipe, surface drain, sump pump or other foundation drainage shall be connected into the sanitary sewer system. All disconnects or openings in the sanitary sewer must be closed or repaired in an effective, workmanlike manner.

(2) All sumps must have a discharge pipe with one-inch inside diameter installed to the outside wall of the building. The pipe attachment must be a permanent fitting such as PVC pipe with glued fittings. The discharge must extend at least three feet outside the foundation wall and must be directed toward the nearest storm drainage route of the property. No discharge shall be conveyed directly toward adjacent properties or to areas that will create adverse conditions.

(3) Every person owning improved real estate that discharges clear water into the municipal sanitary sewer system must within 30 days from the date of a written inspection request from the city:

(a) Allow a representative of the city to inspect both the inside and outside of buildings located on the property to confirm that there is no discharge of clear water into the sanitary sewer system; or

(b) Furnish the city with a certificate in acceptable form from a licensed plumber which certifies that the buildings on the property have no discharge of clear water into the sanitary sewer system.

(c) Failure by a property owner to allow an inspection by a representative of the city or provide the city with a certificate of compliance within 30 days from the date of the city's inspection request shall make the property immediately subject to the surcharge provided for in division (4) below until compliance with this section. The City Council may, by resolution, provide for a waiver by reason of hardship from the requirements of this section.

(4) A nonrefundable surcharge in the amount specified in the city fee ordinance shall be imposed in the case of every property not in compliance with this section. The surcharge will be added to every subsequent billing until the property is found to be in compliance as determined by the city.

(5) The remedies provided in this section are cumulative and do not limit the right of the city to pursue any available legal remedy, including obtaining an administrative search warrant.

(6) The city reserves the right to inspect or require a certificate of compliance regarding all properties at least yearly to verify compliance with this section.

(7) All new dwellings with active sump pits for which a building permit is issued after November 1, 2011 shall have a pump and shall be piped to the outside of the dwelling before a certificate of occupancy is issued. All new dwellings with inactive sump pits for which a building permit is issued after November 1, 2011 shall have plumbing installed from the sump pit to the outside of the dwelling before a certificate of occupancy is issued. The plumbing at the sump pit connection needs to be capable of receiving a pump. No discharge shall be conveyed directly towards adjacent properties or to areas that will create adverse conditions.

(8) The City Administrator is authorized to issue a permit to allow a property owner to discharge clear water into the sanitary sewer system. Prior to issuance of the permit, the City Administrator may consult with the City Engineer or Public Works Director to verify that at least one of the criteria to issue the permit has been satisfied. The permit shall authorize the discharge only from November 15 to March 15, shall require the owner to permit an inspection of the property on March 16 or as soon thereafter as possible or produce a certificate from a licensed plumber to verify that discharge into the sanitary sewer has been discontinued. No property shall be issued a permit under this section more than twice. The owner shall be subject to the surcharge provided for in division (4) above in the event the owner refuses an inspection or fails to provide a certificate from a licensed plumber verifying that the owner has discontinued the discharge into the sanitary sewer. The nonrefundable surcharge will commence with the April billing and continue until the property owner establishes compliance with this division. A property owner is required to meet at least one of the following criteria in order to qualify for the permit:

(a) The freezing of the clear water discharge from the sump pump or footing drain is likely to cause a dangerous condition, such as ice buildup or flooding, on either public or private property;

(b) The property owner has demonstrated that it is likely there is a danger that the sump pump or footing drain pipes will freeze up and result in either failure or damage to the sump pump unit or the footing drain and cause basement flooding; or

(c) The clear water being discharged from the sump pump, footing drain or other source cannot be readily discharged into a storm drain or other acceptable drainage system.

(9) The City Administrator may require a property owner to discharge clear water from a sump pump into the sanitary sewer from November 15 to March 15 if discharge in the manner otherwise required by this section is likely to cause a hazard or nuisance because of icy conditions or flooding on public streets or sidewalks.

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(10) The City Administrator's decision under division (8) or (9) above may be appealed to the City Council by filing a written notice of appeal with the City Clerk within 20 days of the City Administrator's decision.

(B) *Point of sale.*

(1) After December 31, 2011, no person shall sell, convey, advertise for sale, give or transact a change in title or property ownership of real property in the city improved with one or more buildings or structures without first obtaining a certificate from the city indicating compliance with the city's statutory sewer regulations, including regulations regarding the discharge of clear water.

(2) Unless the property owner already has a certificate of compliance for a property, the owner or owner's representative is required to apply for a certificate and complete an inspection thereof before the property is offered for sale, gifted or transferred, and before the owner or owner's representative enters into any purchase agreement, contract for deed or similar transaction. If the property owner already has a certificate of compliance which is more than one year old, a new sump pump inspection is required for all properties containing sump pumps. At the time of application, the applicant for a certificate of compliance inspection shall pay the fee established in the city's fee schedule.

(3) The applicant for a certificate of compliance inspection is responsible for providing an inspection of the property after making application and payment of the fee. An inspection shall be made either by a representative of the city or by a licensed plumber to determine whether the property use is in accordance with city sanitary sewer regulations. The inspector shall communicate the findings of the inspection to the property owner, including notification of any illegal or non-compliant connections that will be severed. The entire property and all buildings on the property shall be made available for inspection.

(4) If an inspection of the property reveals that the property is in compliance with the sanitary sewer regulations, a certificate of compliance shall be issued in accordance with the following terms and conditions:

(a) If the property use is determined to be in accordance with city sanitary sewer regulations following inspection, a certificate of compliance will be issued by the city.

(b) A certificate of compliance is valid to be used for the transfer of the property.

(c) The certificate of compliance must be conspicuously displayed on the premises at all times when the property is being shown for sale and the owner is responsible for informing any potential buyers, gift recipients or other persons to whom the owner intends to transfer title regarding the certificate of compliance.

(d) If an inspection discloses that use of a property is not in accordance with city sanitary sewer regulations, a correction notice may be issued by the city permitting the transfer of property, providing:

1. An agreement by the owner or owner's representative has been executed with the city, whereby the owner or owner's representative agrees to complete corrections to the property necessary to bring it within compliance of the city sanitary sewer regulations within 60 days of the transfer of property; or

2. A financial security to ensure completion of any corrections to the property must be posted with the closing agent in the form of an escrow, or with the city when a closing agent is not involved, at the time of property transfer or closing. The security shall be in an amount at least equal to 125% of the estimated cost of the work necessary for compliance with this section. The escrow must be fully maintained until a certificate of compliance is issued. A correction notice shall not be issued for more than 180 days following the first inspection of the property, but it may be extended for additional periods up to 180 days each by the City Administrator for good cause.

3. The owner or transferor and any real estate agents involved in the transaction are responsible for disclosing the correction notice to the transferee and all other persons or entities involved in the transaction. The responsibility for repairing any nonconformance with the sanitary sewer regulations is a personal obligation of the owner and also runs with the land and becomes a joint and several obligation of the owner and the transferee of the property.

(e) When the property is determined following inspection not to be legal in accordance with city sanitary sewer regulations, the owner shall be entitled to a second inspection to be scheduled within 90 days of the original inspection. If, as a result of the second inspection, the city inspector or a licensed plumber certifies that all violations of city sanitary sewer regulations have been corrected, the city shall issue a certificate of compliance.

(f) Violation of the provisions of this division (B) shall cause the property to be subject to the surcharge provided for in division (A)(4).

(C) *Non-acceptable wastes.* No person shall discharge or permit to be discharged into any public sewer any of the following wastes:

- (1) Any liquid or vapor having a temperature in excess of 150° F;
- (2) Any water or waste having a five-day biological oxygen demand or suspended solids exceeding 1,000 parts per million by weight as averaged during any 12-month period;
- (3) Any water or waste which may contain more than 100 parts per million by weight of fat, oil, or grease;
- (4) Any gasoline, benzene, naphtha, fuel oil or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid or gas;
- (5) Any garbage that has not been properly shredded;

(6) Any ashes, cinders, sand, mud, straw, shavings, metal, glass, rags, feathers, tar, plastics, wood, manure, grit, brick, cement, onyx, carbide, blood, butcher's offal, any other solid or viscous substance capable of causing obstructions to the flow in sewers, or other matter that may interfere with the proper operation of the sewers or sewage treatment plant;

(7) Any water or waste having a pH lower than 5.5, higher than 9 or having any other corrosive property capable of causing damage or hazard to structures, equipment or personnel of the sewage works;

(8) Any water or waste containing a toxic or poisonous substance in sufficient quantities to constitute a hazard to humans, animals, or marine life, injure or interfere with sewage treatment or create any hazard in the receiving waters of the sewage treatment plant;

(9) Any noxious or malodorous gas or substance, which either singly or by interaction with other wastes is capable of creating a public nuisance or hazard to life, or which may prevent entry into sewers or their maintenance and repair; or

(10) Any water or waste containing suspended solids of such a character and quantity that unusual attention or expense is required to handle the materials at the sewage treatment plant; provided, however, that the City Council may issue a special permit to do so under the terms and conditions and charges as determined by the City Council.

(D) *Control manhole required.* The owner of any property served by a sewer service line carrying industrial waste shall install and maintain at the owner's expense suitable control manhole in the sewer service line downstream from any treatment, storage, or other approved works to facilitate observation, measurement, and sampling of the waste. The manhole shall be constructed at suitable and satisfactory locations by the owner in accordance with plans approved by the City Engineer. The owner shall maintain the manhole so as to be safe and accessible at all times for observing, measuring and sampling of the wastes. Persons using the sewer system for industrial wastes shall also provide a flow-measuring device, approved by the City Engineer, to record the total flowage and rate of flow at no cost to the city for the device.

(E) *Separate sewers.* A separate and independent sewer shall be provided for every building connected to the sewer system except the City Council may waive this requirement where it finds that a separate sewer for a building is impractical.

(Prior Code, § 403.02) (Am. Ord. 05-2011, passed 5-9-2011)

§ 51.042 SEWER CONNECTION REQUIRED

(A) *General requirement.*

(1) When property abuts upon any public street or alley along which water and sewer mains have been constructed, the owner of any dwelling or commercial establishment on the property shall install suitable toilet facilities therein and connect them with the sanitary sewer in accordance with the provisions of this chapter within 90 days after the date of mailing or delivering official notice to do so.

(2) The notice shall be given to the owner or occupant in writing by the City Administrator on order of the City Council.

(B) *Connection by city.* Whenever any owner or occupant fails to comply with the written notice, the Council shall, by resolution, direct that the connection be made with the water and sanitary sewer system and that the cost of installation be paid in the first instance out of the general fund and then assessed against the property benefitted.

(C) *Assessment.*

(1) After the installation and connection have been completed pursuant to Council resolution, the City Administrator shall serve a written notice of the assessment upon the owner or his or her representative directing him or her to pay the assessment to the City Clerk-Treasurer within ten days after the service of the notice.

(2) If the assessment is not paid within ten days, the City Clerk-Treasurer shall certify the amount to the County Auditor for collection in the same manner as other special assessments.

(3) The Council may, by resolution, spread the assessment over a three-year period.
(Prior Code, § 403.03)

§ 51.043 CONFLICTING PROVISIONS

Should any provisions of this subchapter conflict with the State Plumbing Code contained in the State Building Code which is adopted elsewhere in this code, the State Plumbing Code shall control.
(Prior Code, § 403.035)

§ 51.044 SEWER RATES

(A) *General rates for sewer service.* Each customer shall pay a minimum charge each bi-monthly period for an active sewer service line. Additional charges shall be made based upon the amount of water consumed. The City Council shall by ordinance establish special contract sewer rates for particular customers in extraordinary circumstances.

(B) *Special cases.* In the case of an industrial user contributing wastes to the sewage disposal system in disproportionate amounts of concentrations, the Public Works Director shall make an individual study of the particular use and fix an individual charge that is commensurate with the burden

placed by the wastes upon the sewage treatment plant. If a building served by sewer is not served by city water and the Council determines that the sewer service charge inaccurately measures use of the sewer system, it may order the installation of a water meter to measure accurately the amount of water used on the premises. In the case of an industry using substantial amounts of water that is not discharged into the sewer system, the Council may order installation of a meter accurately measuring the amount of water that enters the sewer system and fix the sewer service charge on the basis of the amount. Insofar as practicable, installation and maintenance of such meters shall conform to the regulations contained in this code of ordinances.

(C) *Required information.* The owner, occupant or person in charge of any premises shall supply the city with the information as he or she may reasonably require relating to the use of water, use of sewer or sewer rates. Willful failure to provide the information, willful falsification of the information or willful failure to comply with any requirement or order issued pursuant to this section constitutes a violation of this section.

(Prior Code, § 403.04) (Ord. passed 5-13-1991) Penalty, see § 10.99

§ 51.045 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this subchapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context indicates or requires a different meaning.

BOD. The amount of dissolved oxygen consumed in five days by biological process breaking down organic matter.

COMBINED SEWER. A sewer intended to serve as a sanitary sewer and a storm sewer, or as an industrial sewer and a storm sewer.

DEBT SERVICE CHARGE. The cost of debt service that is incurred by the city during construction of the wastewater plant. This includes interest and principal of capital costs to city during plant and conveyance system construction of both grant eligible and non-grant eligible costs. It also includes cost of interim financing needed during plant construction.

INDUSTRIAL WASTE. The liquid waste resulting from the processes employed in industrial, manufacturing, trade or business establishments, as distinct from domestic wastes.

NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES). A system of permits to discharge wastewaters to navigable waters developed under the authority of § 402 of Pub. Law No. 92-500 being 33 U.S.C. 1342. The permit system has, as its objectives, achievements of the goal of that law and the elimination of the discharge of pollutants by 1985.

NORMAL DOMESTIC WASTES. Liquid wastes:

- (1) From the non-commercial preparation, cooking and handling of food; or
- (2) Containing human excrement and similar matter for buildings, industrial facilities and institutions.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE COST. The cost of treating, conveyance and collection of wastewater that will insure the efficient operation and maintenance of the facility.

PRETREATMENT. Application of physical, chemical and biological processes to reduce the amount of pollutants in or alter the nature of the pollutant properties in a wastewater prior to discharging the wastewater into the publicly owned wastewater treatment system.

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR. The Public Works Director of this city or his or her duly appointed deputy, agent or representative.

REPLACEMENT COST. The cost of replacing those items of a certain design life as determined by the City Engineer. This does not include regularly replaced parts such as nuts, bolts and the like.

SANITARY SEWER. A sewer intended to carry only sanitary and industrial wastewaters from residences, commercial buildings, industrial plants and institutions.

SEWER SERVICE CHARGE. Total cost of operation, maintenance and replacement, plus cost of debt service as passed on to users by sewer service charge.

SS (SUSPENDED SOLIDS). Solid particles that do not precipitate out of solution or do not easily filter out.

STORM SEWER. A sewer intended to carry only stormwaters, surface runoff, street wash waters and drainage.

TOXIC SUBSTANCES. Any substance, chemical elements or compounds, phenols or other waste or odor producing substances, or any other substances which are not susceptible to treatment or which may interfere with the biological processes or efficiency of the treatment system, or that will pass through the system.

USER CHARGE. Proportionate charges for the cost of operation and maintenance, replacement, conveyance, collection and billing of wastewater to each user class based on class flow and waste characteristics.

USER CLASSES. User designations according to flow rate and discharge characteristics. The classes include the following:

CLASS 1 RESIDENTIAL-SINGLE FAMILY AND MULTIPLE-FAMILY DWELLINGS. Users in this class have a total flow rate of 25,000 gallons per day or less and discharge does not exceed 300 mg/liter of BOD and 300 mg/liter of SS.

CLASS 2 INSTITUTIONAL. Users are hospitals, clinics, general units of local government and religion institutions. Users in this class have a total flow rate of 25,000 gallons per day or less and discharge does not exceed 300 mg/liter of BOD and 300 mg/liter of SS.

CLASS 3 COMMERCIAL. Users are retail, wholesale, service, restaurants, hotels, motels and other business establishments not engaged in the manufacture of a finished product or components of a finished product. Users in this class have a total flow rate of 25,000 gallons per day or less and discharge does not exceed 300 mg/liter of BOD and 300 mg/liter of SS.

CLASS 4 INDUSTRIAL. Anyone involved in the production of a finished or component product of the refining or mining of products or materials.

CLASS 5 SIGNIFICANT INDUSTRIAL USER. Anyone involved in the production of a finished product or component product of the refining or mining of products or materials. Users in this class have a total flow rate of over 10% of the average daily flow to the treatment facility. (Prior Code, § 403.05)

§ 51.046 ANNUAL REVIEW OF USER CHARGE SYSTEM

(A) The user charge system shall be reviewed annually to assure continued proportionality of revenue to costs, and to assure that sufficient revenue is generated to meet the total costs of the system.

(B) User charges shall be changed based on results of the review.
(Prior Code, § 403.06)

§ 51.047 INDUSTRIAL USERS

If an industrial user, pursuant to 40 C.F.R. 35.905, September 27, 1978 Federal Register begins discharging into the city's sewer system, an industrial cost recovery system will be developed according to United States Environmental Protection Agency rules and standards.
(Prior Code, § 403.07)

§ 51.048 HARMFUL DISCHARGES

The city shall have the right to reject harmful wastes as determined by the Director to be harmful to humans or animals, or create a toxic effect in the receiving waters of the wastewater disposal system.
(Prior Code, § 403.08)

§ 51.049 SURCHARGE FOR WASTES CONTAINING BOD AND SS THAT EXCEED NORMAL CONCENTRATIONS

(A) The city shall have the right to attach a surcharge onto the sewer use charge of a user that discharges greater than 300 mg/liter BOD/day or 300 mg/liter SS/day.

(B) The surcharge shall be based upon the cost required to treat the discharge as a proportional share of the total costs for operation and maintenance of the treatment facility.

(C) When assessing the above surcharge, the following percentages of flow, SS and BOD shall be used against the total of OM&R cost:

- (1) Flow = 40% of total OM&R cost;
- (2) BOD = 30% of total OM&R cost; and
- (3) SS = 30% of total OM&R cost.

(D) The city shall have the right to surcharge users with BOD and SS wastes that exceed normal concentration.
(Prior Code, § 403.09)

§ 51.050 INDUSTRIAL PRETREATMENT

The city shall have the right to require industrial pretreatment when the Public Works Director deems the pretreatment necessary to reduce the amount of pollutant properties in wastewater to a less harmful state prior to or in lieu of discharging or otherwise introducing the pollutants into the city's wastewater disposal system.
(Prior Code, § 403.10)

§ 51.051 SERVICE AGREEMENTS

The city shall have the right to contract service agreements with industries in other political jurisdictions or other political hook-ups to the city's sewer service.

(Prior Code, § 403.11)

§ 51.052 PROHIBITED TOXINS

(A) The city shall have the right to forbid certain toxins from entering the sewage treatment system. The list of following toxins shall be prohibited from being discharged into the city's wastewater treatment system unless the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency and the Director deem them compatible with the treatment works operation.

Acidity, Alkalinity, pH	Alkali and Alkaline
Ammonia	Arsenic
Cadmium	Chromium
Chloroform	Carbon Tetrachloride
Copper	Cyanide
Earth metals	Borate (and other boron species)
Iron	Lead
Manganese	Mercury
Methylene Chloride	Chlorobenzenes
Miscellaneous chlorinated hydrocarbons	Agricultural chemicals
Miscellaneous organic chemicals	Oil and grease
Nickel	Silver
Organic nitrogen compounds	Surfactants
Phenols	Chlorinated hydrocarbons
Sulfate	Sulfide
Zinc	Alcohols

(B) This list does not preclude the addition of other substances that the EPA may add from time to time.

(Prior Code, § 403.12)

§ 51.053 CONTROL MANHOLES

The city shall have the right to install control manholes for the purpose of monitoring users that use, in the manufacturing process, the substances named in § 51.052. The city shall also have the right to install control manholes for the purpose of monitoring users that may be discharging substances not listed that may be harmful to humans or animals, or create a toxic effect in the receiving water of the wastewater disposal system. The cost of the manholes shall be assessed to the industry or entity being monitored.

(Prior Code, § 403.13)

§ 51.054 EXTENSION OF SERVICE

The city reserves the right to prohibit new connection to the municipal sanitary sewer system if that system has reached its design capacity.

(Prior Code, § 403.14)

§ 51.055 INSPECTION OF SYSTEM

Whenever it shall be necessary for the purposes of these sections, and except as otherwise provided herein, the city may appoint an authorized inspector to inspect service connections and discharge sources. The inspector may enter any property at reasonable times for inspection for compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

(Prior Code, § 403.15) (Am. Ord. 05-2011, passed 5-9-2011)

INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS**§ 51.070 DEFINITIONS**

For the purpose of this section, the following definitions shall apply unless the context indicates or requires a different meaning.

INDIVIDUAL SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM. A sewage disposal system, other than a public or community system, which receives sewage for an individual establishment.

(Prior Code, § 404.01)

§ 51.071 RESTRICTIONS

(A) *Individual sewage disposal systems.* Individual sewage disposal systems are prohibited within the city.

(B) *Exemptions.* An exemption from the application of this part may be granted by the City Council in extraordinary situations.
(Prior Code, § 404.02)

STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICTS

§ 51.085 STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICTS

These are geographically defined areas within the city limits created for the purpose of establishing and maintaining appropriate stormwater drainage facilities that are consistent with the city's drainage and other systems. The districts shall be created by ordinance as deemed appropriate by the Council.

(Res. 1994-38, passed 12-12-1994)

§ 51.086 SOUTH CENTRAL STORM DRAINAGE DISTRICT

(A) *Geographical description.* This district shall include the following described real property.

(1) *Non-participating real property.*

(a) Builder's Park Addition: Lots eight through 24 of Block two.

(b) Southview Addition: Lots four and five.

(c) Unplatted land: commencing at the southwest corner of SW one-fourth of NE one-fourth of 34-119-28; thence south 383 feet; thence east 33 feet to the actual point of beginning; thence south 100 feet to the northwest corner of Lot nine of Block two of Builder's Park Addition; thence east 163 feet along the north line of the Lot nine and Lot eight of the Block two; thence north 100 feet; thence west 163 feet to the actual point of beginning.

(2) *Participating real property.*

(a) Klarbacken Addition: Lots 14 through 17 of Block two; Lots two through five of Block five; Lots one, two, three, 11 and 12 of Block three; Lot five of Block four.

(b) Klyva Road Addition: Lots one through ten of Block one.

(c) Unplatted real estate: The west 500 feet of the north 600 feet of the southwest one-fourth of southeast one-fourth, 34-119-28.

(B) *Current hookup.* "Participating real property", as described above, has installed storm drainage systems and all necessary ancillary facilities in accordance with the requirements of the City Engineer, statutes, regulations and governmental agencies including the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency and has paid all necessary fees.

(C) *Future hookup.* "Non-participating real property", as described above, is located within the 1 Storm Drainage District, but has not installed any storm drainage systems within the District. Hookup to the South Central Storm Drainage District system shall be required for a lot described as non-participating real property herein, prior to the issuance of a building permit for improvements on the lot, except that hookup shall not be required for currently existing residences unless the cost of the proposed improvements exceeds one-half of the assessor's estimated market value in effect at the time of the building permit application. Owners of non-participating real property lots may request hookup at any earlier time. Future hookup, whether mandatory or voluntary, is subject to the following requirements.

(1) Each lot shall pay the hookup fee established by ordinance to the city at the time of the building permit application or when permission to hookup is sought by the lot owner.

(2) The building permit applicant shall be required to install, at his or her expense, all necessary storm drainage improvements in accordance with specifications established by the City Engineer, which shall be in accordance with all applicable statutes and regulations. In addition, the applicant shall reimburse the city for the reasonable and necessary review of fees charged by the City Engineer.

(Res. 1994-38, passed 12-12-1994)

CHAPTER 52: GARBAGE

Section

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GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 52.01 DEFINITIONS

For the purpose of this subchapter, the following definitions shall apply unless the context indicates or requires a different meaning.

GARBAGE. Organic waste resulting from the preparation of food, decayed and spoiled food from any source.

RECYCLABLES. Paper, plastic, tin cans, aluminum, motor oil, glass and other metal goods, each separated or otherwise prepared so as to be acceptable.

REFUSE. Garbage and rubbish.

RUBBISH. Inorganic solid waste such as tin cans, glass, paper, ashes, sweepings and the like.
(Prior Code, § 502.01)

§ 52.02 GENERAL REGULATIONS

(A) *Unauthorized accumulations.* Any unauthorized accumulation of refuse on any premises is a nuisance and is prohibited.

(B) *Refuse, streets and the like.* No persons shall place any refuse on any streets, alley or other public place or upon any private property except in proper containers for collection. No person shall throw or deposit refuse in any stream or any other body of water.

(C) *Scattering of refuse.* No persons shall deposit anywhere within the city any refuse in such a manner that it may be carried or deposited by the elements upon any public or private premises within the city.

(D) *Burying of refuse; composting.* No person shall bury any refuse in the city except in an approved sanitary landfill, but leaves, grass clippings and easily biodegradable, non-poisonous garbage may be composted on the premises where the refuse has been accumulated. Garbage may be composted only in a rodent-proof structure, in an otherwise sanitary manner and after the Health Officer gives his or her approval of the composting after he or she finds that the composting will be done in accordance with these standards.

(Prior Code, § 502.02)

§ 52.03 DISPOSAL REQUIRED

Every person shall, in a sanitary manner, dispose of refuse that may accumulate upon property owned or occupied by him or her. Every householder, occupant and owner of any residence shall use the garbage and refuse collection service provided by the city, its contractors or licensees.

(Prior Code, § 502.03)

§ 52.04 CONTAINERS

(A) *General requirement.* Every householder, occupant or owner of any residence and every restaurant, industrial establishment or commercial establishment shall provide on the premises one or more containers to receive and contain all refuse which may accumulate between collections. All normal accumulations of refuse shall be deposited in the containers. Leaves, trimmings from shrubs, grass clippings, shavings, excelsior and other rubbish of similar volume and weight may be stored in closed containers not meeting the requirements of division (B) below.

(B) *Container requirements.* Each container shall be watertight, shall be impervious to insects and rodents and shall not exceed 32 gallons in capacity or 35 pounds in weight.

(C) *Placement.* Where an alley open to traffic is available, each container for premises abutting the alley shall be placed at the rear of the property next to the alley. Where no alley exists, the container shall be placed near the rear door of the building to which it relates. In that case, the container shall be placed at the front property line for collection but it shall not be so placed before 9:00 p.m. the night before collection and shall be removed by 9:00 p.m. the day of collection.

(D) *Use of containers.* Refuse shall be drained of liquid and household garbage shall be wrapped before being deposited in a container. Highly flammable or explosive material shall not be placed in containers.

(Prior Code, § 502.04) (Res. 92-3, passed 5-11-1992) Penalty, see § 10.99

COMMERCIAL HAULER'S LICENSE

§ 52.20 COMMERCIAL HAULERS; DEFINITION

For the purpose of this section, anyone who for consideration disposes of garbage and other refuse for another person in this municipality, including individuals, partnerships and corporation, shall be considered a commercial contract hauler.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)

§ 52.21 LICENSE REQUIRED

The contract hauler shall be required to obtain a commercial hauler's license from the city before hauling garbage, refuse and solid waste (as defined in M.S. § 116.06, Subdivision 22, as it may be amended from time to time). Licensed haulers who haul only animal waste are exempted from the requirements of this section.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)

§ 52.22 ISSUANCE OF LICENSES

The commercial haulers shall make application to the city offices providing the information as the city may require. The City Council shall monitor each application and upon approval thereof, the

Council shall authorize the City Clerk-Treasurer to issue the licenses. Before issuance of each license, the City Clerk-Treasurer shall collect the fee from the commercial hauler. The fee shall be paid annually and shall be non-proratable, non-refundable and nontransferable unless authorized by the City Council. The City Clerk-Treasurer shall credit the license fee to the General Revenue Fund.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)

§ 52.23 CONDITIONS OF LICENSES

(A) Each commercial hauler shall dispose of the solid wastes as directed by the City Council and Wright County in conformity with rules and regulations established from time to time.

(B) Charges published by the commercial hauler licenses may be subject to review by the City Council.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)

§ 52.24 REVOCATION

Failure to comply with the rules and regulations established by the Council shall be grounds for revocation of the commercial hauler's license.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)

§ 52.25 LICENSE FEE

The fee for the license shall be the amount as shall be determined by the City Council from time to time.

(Res. 2006-03, passed 8-14-2006)